

French miscellany for Renaissance lute

By various authors



E-Published by Alain Veylit

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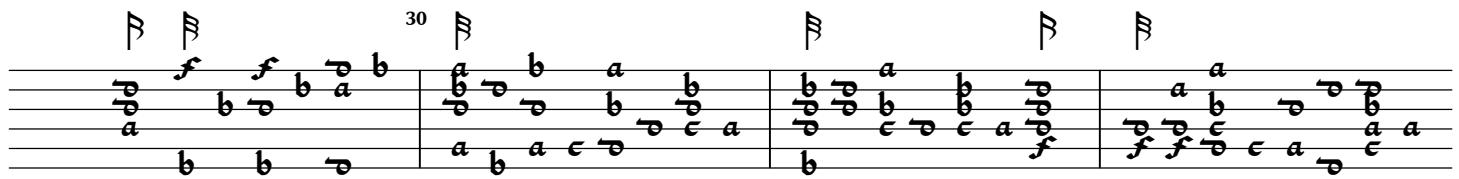
Belle qui tient ma vie

Anonyme

Compaignons

Anonyme

The musical score consists of five staves of music, each with a different letter (a, b, c, d, e) written above the staff. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure numbers 1 through 25 are indicated at the beginning of each staff. The notation includes various note heads (solid black, hollow black, solid white, hollow white) and rests. Measure 1 starts with a solid black note head followed by a rest. Measures 2-4 show a pattern of solid black and hollow black note heads. Measures 5-7 show a mix of solid black, hollow black, and solid white note heads. Measures 8-10 show a mix of solid black, hollow black, and hollow white note heads. Measures 11-13 show a mix of solid black, hollow black, and solid white note heads. Measures 14-16 show a mix of solid black, hollow black, and hollow white note heads. Measures 17-19 show a mix of solid black, hollow black, and solid white note heads. Measures 20-22 show a mix of solid black, hollow black, and hollow white note heads. Measures 23-25 show a mix of solid black, hollow black, and solid white note heads.



Si vous etes belle

Anonyme

Musical notation for the first eight measures of the song. The notation consists of two staves. The top staff uses vertical strokes (up, down, or diagonal) and the bottom staff uses horizontal strokes. The notes are labeled with letters: 'a' (down), 'c' (up), and 'e' (diagonal). Measure 1: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 2: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 3: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 4: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 5: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 6: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 7: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 8: Vertical up, down, up.

Musical notation for the next eight measures of the song. The notation consists of two staves. The top staff uses vertical strokes (up, down, or diagonal) and the bottom staff uses horizontal strokes. The notes are labeled with letters: 'a' (down), 'c' (up), and 'e' (diagonal). Measure 9: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 10: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 11: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 12: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 13: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 14: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 15: Vertical up, down, up. Measure 16: Vertical up, down, up.

Basse dance

Alain Veylit

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Douce memoire

Sandrin

A musical score for a string instrument. The first measure consists of two half notes. The second measure has a half note followed by a quarter note. The third measure contains a half note followed by a eighth-note triplet. Measures 4 through 35 show a repeating pattern of a half note followed by a eighth-note triplet. Measure 35 ends with a fermata over the eighth note.

Measures 36 through 40 continue the pattern established in the previous section. Each measure begins with a half note followed by a eighth-note triplet.

Measures 41 through 45 show a continuation of the eighth-note triplet pattern. Measure 45 concludes with a fermata over the eighth note.

Measures 1 through 4 begin a new section. Each measure starts with a half note followed by a eighth-note triplet. The notes are labeled 'a' at the bottom of each measure.

Measures 5 through 8 continue the eighth-note triplet pattern from the previous section. Each measure starts with a half note followed by a eighth-note triplet. The notes are labeled 'a' at the bottom of each measure.

Measures 9 through 12 conclude the piece. Each measure starts with a half note followed by a eighth-note triplet. The notes are labeled 'a' at the bottom of each measure.

Je me complains piteusement

Guillaume Dufay

1

1. 2. 3. 4.

5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30.

35



La belle se siet au piet de la tour

Guillaume Dufay

The musical score consists of three staves of tablature, likely for a harp or a similar plucked instrument. The notation uses vertical stems and horizontal strokes to indicate pitch and rhythm. The first staff begins with a long vertical stem (B) followed by a series of shorter stems and rests. The second staff starts with a vertical stem (B) and continues with a sequence of stems and rests. The third staff begins with a vertical stem (B) and continues with a sequence of stems and rests. There are several small vertical marks (likely accidentals) placed above certain stems throughout the score.

J'ay mis mon cuer et ma pensee

Guillaume Dufay

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Fortuna Desperata

Busnoys?

Filou by Luc Despond

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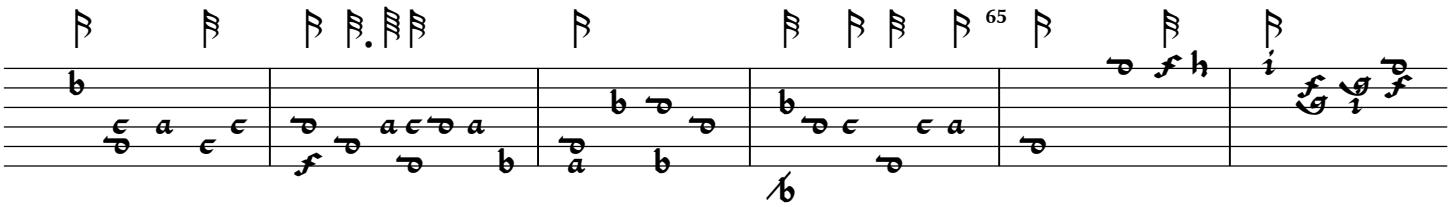
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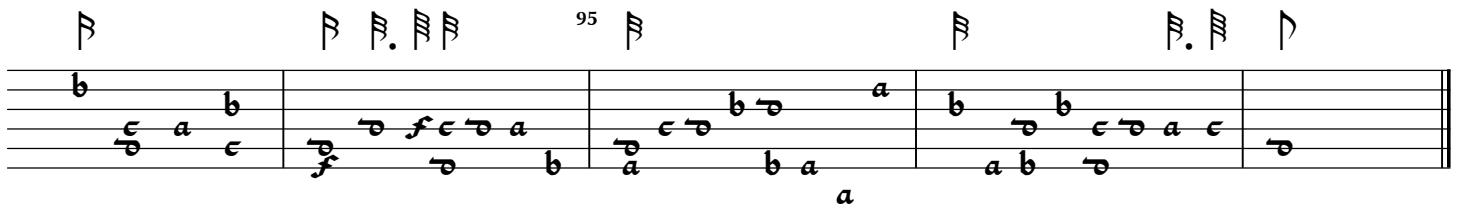
Musical score page 15, measures 66-70. The score consists of two staves. The top staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time. The bottom staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time. Measure 66: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 67: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 68: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 69: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 70: The top staff has eighth-note patterns; the bottom staff has eighth-note patterns.

Musical score page 15, measures 71-75. The score consists of two staves. The top staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time. The bottom staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time. Measure 71: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 72: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 73: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 74: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 75: The top staff has eighth-note patterns; the bottom staff has eighth-note patterns.

Musical score page 15, measures 76-80. The score consists of two staves. The top staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time. The bottom staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time. Measure 76: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 77: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 78: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 79: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 80: The top staff has eighth-note patterns; the bottom staff has eighth-note patterns.

Musical score page 15, measures 81-85. The score consists of two staves. The top staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time. The bottom staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time. Measure 81: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 82: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 83: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 84: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 85: The top staff has eighth-note patterns; the bottom staff has eighth-note patterns.

Musical score page 15, measures 86-90. The score consists of two staves. The top staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time. The bottom staff has a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time. Measure 86: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 87: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 88: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 89: Both staves have eighth-note patterns. Measure 90: The top staff has eighth-note patterns; the bottom staff has eighth-note patterns.



Courante

Mesangeau

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Branle

Antoine Francisque

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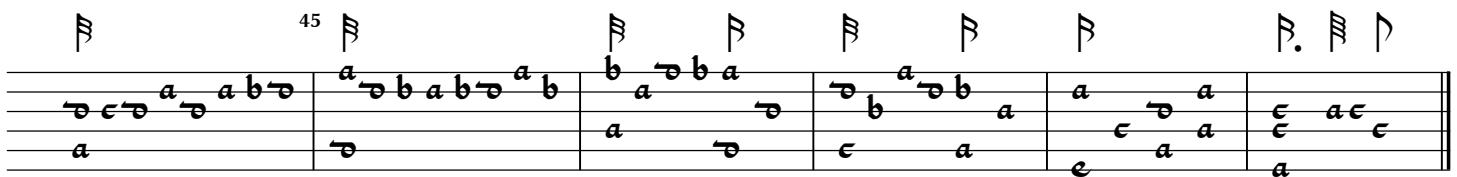
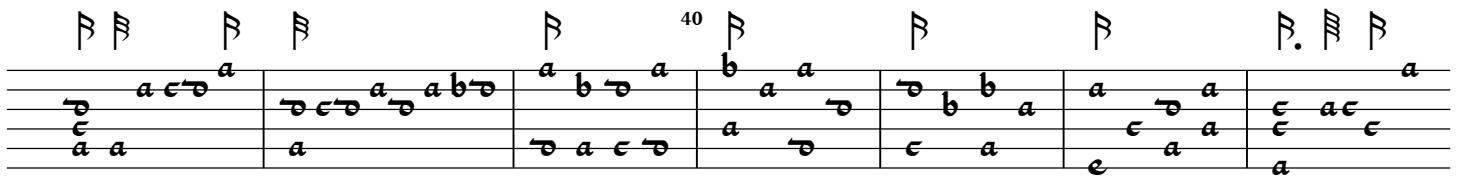
15

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Bransle de Poitou

Antoine Francisque

The musical score consists of six staves of music, each with five horizontal lines. The notes are represented by letter heads (a, b, c, d, e) and vertical stems. Measure numbers 1 through 35 are indicated above the staves. The first staff begins with a dotted Rhythm symbol. Measures 1-5 show a pattern of Rhythms followed by groups of two and three notes. Measure 6 starts with a Rhythm symbol. Measures 7-10 show a pattern of Rhythms followed by groups of two and three notes. Measure 11 starts with a Rhythm symbol. Measures 12-15 show a pattern of Rhythms followed by groups of two and three notes. Measure 16 starts with a Rhythm symbol. Measures 17-20 show a pattern of Rhythms followed by groups of two and three notes. Measure 21 starts with a Rhythm symbol. Measures 22-25 show a pattern of Rhythms followed by groups of two and three notes. Measure 26 starts with a Rhythm symbol. Measures 27-30 show a pattern of Rhythms followed by groups of two and three notes. Measure 31 starts with a Rhythm symbol. Measures 32-35 show a pattern of Rhythms followed by groups of two and three notes.

Branisie Gay

Antoine Francisque

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Bransle Gay

Antoine Francisque

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Branis Simple

Antoine Francisque

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i h i h i f h i f h i f h e

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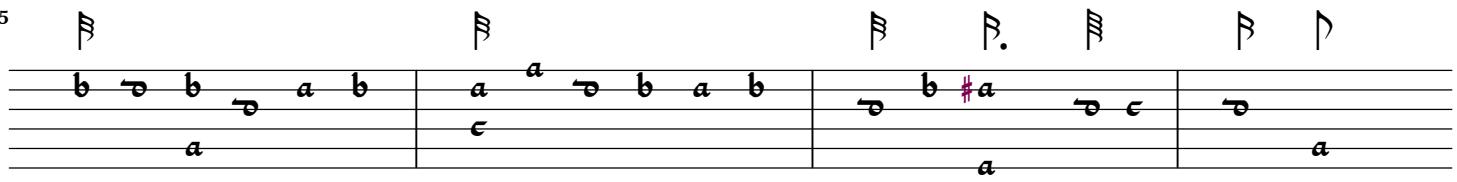
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Branle Simple de l'Orneau

Antoine Francisque

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40

The musical score consists of six staves of music for a single instrument, likely a harp or a similar plucked instrument. The music is in common time. Each staff begins with a fermata. The notes are labeled with letters (a, b, c) below them. Measure numbers are placed above the staves at regular intervals.



Premier Branle de Montirande

Antoine Francisque

Si par souffrir.

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Ballet

Santino Garsi

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation, likely for a string quartet or similar ensemble. The notation includes various note heads (circles, squares, triangles) and rests, with some notes having stems and others not. Below each staff, there are two sets of lyrics: 'a' and 'b'. The first staff starts with a note head followed by 'c a c - d f h'. The second staff starts with a note head followed by 'a a'. The third staff starts with a note head followed by 'a c a b - a'. The fourth staff starts with a note head followed by 'a'. The fifth staff starts with a note head followed by 'a a'. The sixth staff starts with a note head followed by 'a b - a f'. The second section begins at measure 10, with staff 1 starting with a note head followed by 'a a b - a'. Staff 2 starts with a note head followed by 'a - a c - d a'. Staff 3 starts with a note head followed by 'd - d a a'. Staff 4 starts with a note head followed by 'b a b - a b'. Staff 5 starts with a note head followed by 'd c d a c - d b'. Staff 6 starts with a note head followed by 'a - a c - d a'. The third section begins at measure 15, with staff 1 starting with a note head followed by 'a a'. Staff 2 starts with a note head followed by 'a - a c'. Staff 3 starts with a note head followed by 'd c a b - a c'. Staff 4 starts with a note head followed by 'a a'. Staff 5 starts with a note head followed by 'b a b - a c'. Staff 6 starts with a note head followed by 'b b b b b b'. The fourth section begins at measure 20, with staff 1 starting with a note head followed by 'a b'. Staff 2 starts with a note head followed by 'a b'. Staff 3 starts with a note head followed by 'd c a b - a'. Staff 4 starts with a note head followed by 'a a'. Staff 5 starts with a note head followed by 'f d b a'. Staff 6 starts with a note head followed by 'd b b'. The fifth section begins at measure 25, with staff 1 starting with a note head followed by 'b b b b f'. Staff 2 starts with a note head followed by 'c a'. Staff 3 starts with a note head followed by 'd b a b a b'. Staff 4 starts with a note head followed by 'a b - a c - d a'. Staff 5 starts with a note head followed by 'c b - c a a'. Staff 6 starts with a note head followed by 'a a'.

Allemande

1. 5. 9. 13. 17. 21. 25. 29.

2. 6. 10. 14. 18. 22. 26.

3. 7. 11. 15. 19. 23. 27.

4. 8. 12. 16. 20. 24. 28.

Danseries

5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40

Il me suffit

1 2 3 4 | 5 6 7 8 9 10 | 11 12 13 14 | 15 16 17 18 19 20 | 21 22 23 24 | 25 | 26 27 28 29 30 | 31 |

J'ay pris amours

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Jouissance vous donnerai

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Elias Mertel - Ballet

1.

5

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a a a a a a

f *c e f* *a* *b* *a* *c e*

25

Measure 25: $\text{D}\ \text{B}\ \text{D}\ \text{B}$
 Measure 26: $\text{D}\ \text{B}\ \text{D}$
 Measure 27: $\text{D}\ \text{B}$
 Measure 28: $\text{D}\ \text{B}$
 Measure 29: $\text{D}\ \text{B}\ \text{D}\ \text{B}$

a c a d a d
b a e a e
a a a c e
a e a e d
d c d a c c

d a c
a c d a
a
a
a

30

Measure 30: $\text{B}\ \text{c}\ \text{e}\ \text{f}\ \text{c}\ \text{a}\ \text{d}\ \text{a}$
 Measure 31: $\text{D}\ \text{f}\ \text{c}\ \text{e}\ \text{f}\ \text{d}\ \text{b}$
 Measure 32: $\text{D}\ \text{h}\ \text{f}\ \text{d}\ \text{b}\ \text{f}\ \text{d}$
 Measure 33: $\text{D}\ \text{d}\ \text{c}\ \text{a}\ \text{c}\ \text{a}$
 Measure 34: $\text{D}\ \text{c}\ \text{a}\ \text{c}\ \text{a}$

c e f c a d a
f c e f d b
a h f d b f d
d c a c a
a c c a

a
a
a
a
a

35

Measure 35: $\text{D}\ \text{B}\ \text{D}\ \text{B}$
 Measure 36: $\text{D}\ \text{B}\ \text{D}\ \text{B}$
 Measure 37: $\text{D}\ \text{B}\ \text{D}\ \text{B}$
 Measure 38: $\text{D}\ \text{B}\ \text{D}\ \text{B}$
 Measure 39: $\text{D}\ \text{B}\ \text{D}\ \text{B}$

d a c d c
a c a d a d
d a c d a
a c d a
a a a

Elias Merter - Fantasia

The sheet music consists of five staves of musical notation, likely for a string quartet or similar ensemble. The notes are represented by letters (a, b, c, d, e, f, g) placed above the staff, indicating pitch. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure numbers 5, 10, 15, and 20 are indicated above the staff. The first staff begins with a measure containing three notes: a, b, and a. The second staff begins with a measure containing two notes: a and b. The third staff begins with a measure containing one note: a. The fourth staff begins with a measure containing three notes: b, b, and a. The fifth staff begins with a measure containing two notes: b and a. Measures 5 through 20 follow a similar pattern of two or three notes per measure, with some variations in note heads (e.g., f, h, i) appearing in later measures.

Langall III fait

Pavane - Jean Paul Paladin (1549) ed. Daniel Heiman

1 5 9 13 17 21 25 29

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Carillon

Nicolas Vallet

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15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

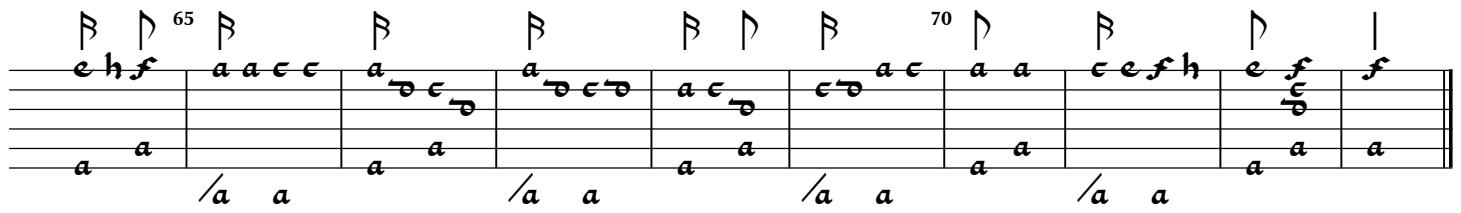
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44

45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54

55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64

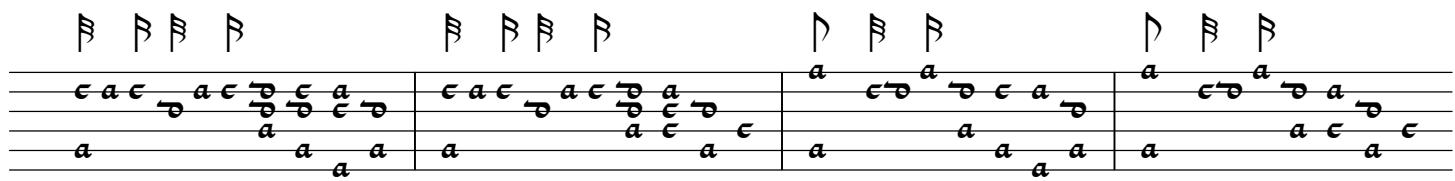
43



Bourée

Canarie

Van den Hove



The French Tune

Anon. -- Pierre Guédron?

The musical score consists of five staves of music in common time. The notes are represented by various symbols such as vertical strokes, horizontal dashes, and small letters (a, c, e, b). The first staff starts with a vertical stroke, followed by a horizontal dash, then a vertical stroke with a small 'a' below it, and so on. The second staff begins with a vertical stroke, followed by a horizontal dash, then a vertical stroke with a small 'a' below it, and so on. The third staff starts with a vertical stroke, followed by a horizontal dash, then a vertical stroke with a small 'a' below it, and so on. The fourth staff starts with a vertical stroke, followed by a horizontal dash, then a vertical stroke with a small 'a' below it, and so on. The fifth staff starts with a vertical stroke, followed by a horizontal dash, then a vertical stroke with a small 'a' below it, and so on.

1 2 3 4 5

10 11 12 13 14 15

1 | ₧ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪

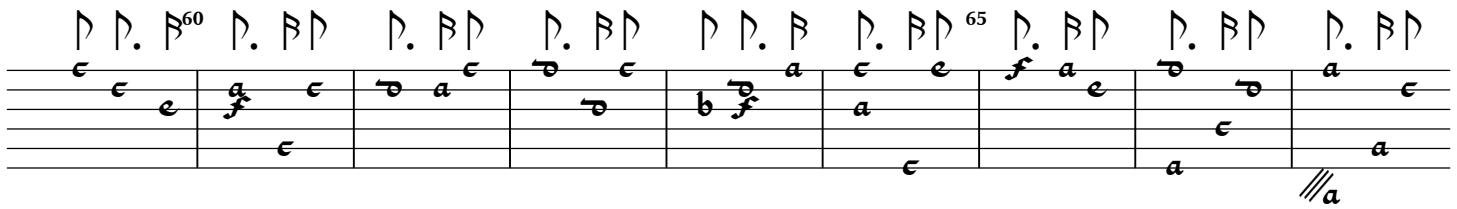
10 ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪

20 ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪

30 ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ | ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪

40 ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪

50 ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪ ₧. ₧₪



Dans ce beau séjour des plaisirs

François Richard

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Fantasia 2

Edinthonius Gallus

The musical score consists of three staves of tablature, likely for a string instrument like a viola or cello. The notes are represented by letter heads (a, b, c, d, e, f, g) and vertical strokes indicating pitch and duration. The first staff begins with a single vertical stroke, followed by pairs of strokes with horizontal dashes. The second staff starts with a pair of strokes, followed by groups of three and four strokes. The third staff begins with a pair of strokes, followed by pairs of strokes with horizontal dashes. Measure numbers 5, 10, and 15 are indicated above the staves. A repeat sign with a circled dot is at the end of the third staff.