

Galliard 1

Daniel Bacheler

– meint, ein Ton höher greifen und trillern; X – meint Mordent

The musical score for Galliard 1 is presented in ten measures. The notation is unique, using note heads (solid, hollow, cross) and stems to represent pitch and rhythm. Specific performance instructions are included: '#' indicates a note one step higher with a trill, and 'X' indicates a mordent. Measures 1-4 show a variety of note heads and stems. Measures 5-8 continue this pattern. Measure 9 introduces a new rhythmic pattern with eighth-note groups. Measure 10 concludes the piece.

Galliard 2

Daniel Bacheler

The musical score consists of ten staves of music, each with a different note head style. The notes are primarily represented by letters such as 'a', 'b', 'c', 'f', 'h', 'i', 'l', and 'v'. The first staff uses a standard vertical stem. Subsequent staves introduce various modifications: some have horizontal stems, others have diagonal stems pointing up or down, and some have stems pointing right. Some notes are single vertical strokes, while others are double strokes. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The notes are placed on five-line staff lines.

Galliard 3

D.Bacheler

Sheet music for Galliard 3, featuring ten staves of musical notation. The notation uses a unique system of letters (a, b, c, d, f, h) and symbols (dotted lines, dashes, vertical bars) to represent pitch and rhythm. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines and staff lines. The first staff begins with a dotted note followed by a series of eighth notes. Subsequent staves continue this pattern, with some measures containing more complex rhythmic patterns like sixteenth notes or eighth-note pairs. The notation is organized into measures, with measure numbers indicated above the staff in some cases. The overall structure suggests a repeating pattern or a specific musical form.

Pavan 4

D.Bacheler

The musical score consists of six staves of Latin notation, likely for a consort of viols, and a basso continuo staff at the bottom. The notation uses a variety of symbols including letters (a, b, c, d, f, h, i, s, v) and various diacritics (acute, grave, circumflex, diaeresis, ring, breve, etc.) to represent different sounds and rhythms. The basso continuo staff at the bottom uses standard musical notation with bass clef, common time, and a bassoon-like sound. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

A musical score for two voices, Treble and Bass, showing measures 1-10. The Treble voice uses a soprano C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The Bass voice uses an alto C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are accompanied by a piano part with Roman numerals above the staff.

h	g	e	g		h	a	h	f	i	h	f	d	c	a	d	c	a	d	a	c	a
h					a							a					a		d	c	a
c																			c		
	h	g	e	h		c		h		a									a		

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The first staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It contains lyrics in English: "D f f h D f h i f c h e". The second staff begins with a soprano clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It contains lyrics in English: "c a c c a" and in German: "d c a". The third staff begins with a soprano clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It contains lyrics in English: "a c d o a" and in German: "a c a c a c". The fourth staff continues from the third, showing the lyrics "a c e" and "a". The fifth staff continues from the fourth, showing the lyrics "a" and "a". The sixth staff continues from the fifth, showing the lyrics "a" and "a".

A musical score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' on four staves. The first staff starts with a forte dynamic (f) and a bass clef. The second staff begins with a piano dynamic (p). The third staff starts with a forte dynamic (f). The fourth staff begins with a piano dynamic (p). The lyrics are written in both English and German. The English lyrics are: 'O say can you see by the dawn's early light'. The German lyrics are: 'Ob du siehe am Morgen des Tageslichtes'. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Pavan 5

Bacheler

Handwritten musical score for Pavan 5, Bacheler. The score consists of five systems of music, each with two staves. The notation is in a tablature-like style where letters (a, c, f, h, g) represent note heads and vertical strokes indicate stems. The first system starts with a measure of two eighth notes followed by a measure of two eighth notes.

Handwritten musical score for Pavan 5, Bacheler. The second system continues the melodic line from the first system, featuring measures of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Handwritten musical score for Pavan 5, Bacheler. The third system introduces more complex patterns, including measures with multiple note heads per staff.

Handwritten musical score for Pavan 5, Bacheler. The fourth system continues the rhythmic and melodic patterns established in the previous systems.

Handwritten musical score for Pavan 5, Bacheler. The fifth system concludes the piece with a final set of measures.

Handwritten musical score for Pavan 5, Bacheler. This system is likely a continuation or a repeat section of the fifth system, providing a concluding section for the piece.

Handwritten musical score for Pavan 5, Bacheler. This system provides a final, rhythmic flourish to the piece.

Musical score for the first section of the piece, featuring a soprano vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line consists of a series of eighth-note chords and sustained notes, primarily using the letters 'c', 'a', 'e', 'g', 'h', and 'd'. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note bass line. The score is set on a five-line staff with a common time signature.

Handbell notation for the first section of the piece. The notation consists of a series of notes and corresponding letter names (c, a, b) placed above a staff with four horizontal lines. The notes are primarily quarter notes, with some eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The letter names likely represent specific handbell or chime tones.

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff shows the vocal line with lyrics in parentheses: "O say can you see, by the dawn's early light, our flag on the field of battle never shall be...". The bottom staff shows the piano accompaniment with various chords and rests.

A musical score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' featuring a soprano vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features a bass line with sustained notes and harmonic chords. The lyrics are written below the notes, corresponding to the vocal melody.

Pavan 6

Bachelier

Sheet music for a traditional Chinese instrument, featuring ten staves of musical notation. The notation consists of vertical stems with horizontal strokes indicating pitch and rhythm. The staves are organized into two main sections separated by a blank space.

Section 1:

- Staff 1:** Starts with a series of eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note). Includes dynamic markings like *f*, *c*, *a*, *h*, *b*, *l*, *f*, *ff*, *c*, *f*, *a*, *d*.
- Staff 2:** Continues with eighth-note pairs, including *c*, *f*, *t*, *a*, *c*, *a*, *c*, *a*, *c*, *a*, *c*, *a*.
- Staff 3:** Features eighth-note pairs with *a* and *c* notes.
- Staff 4:** Shows eighth-note pairs with *a* and *c* notes.
- Staff 5:** Contains eighth-note pairs with *a* and *c* notes.
- Staff 6:** Shows eighth-note pairs with *a* and *c* notes.
- Staff 7:** Features eighth-note pairs with *a* and *c* notes.
- Staff 8:** Shows eighth-note pairs with *a* and *c* notes.
- Staff 9:** Contains eighth-note pairs with *a* and *c* notes.
- Staff 10:** Shows eighth-note pairs with *a* and *c* notes.

Section 2:

- Staff 11:** Starts with eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note) followed by sixteenth-note pairs (*B*).
- Staff 12:** Continues with eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note) followed by sixteenth-note pairs (*B*).
- Staff 13:** Features eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note) followed by sixteenth-note pairs (*B*).
- Staff 14:** Shows eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note) followed by sixteenth-note pairs (*B*).
- Staff 15:** Contains eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note) followed by sixteenth-note pairs (*B*).
- Staff 16:** Shows eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note) followed by sixteenth-note pairs (*B*).
- Staff 17:** Contains eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note) followed by sixteenth-note pairs (*B*).
- Staff 18:** Shows eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note) followed by sixteenth-note pairs (*B*).
- Staff 19:** Contains eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note) followed by sixteenth-note pairs (*B*).
- Staff 20:** Shows eighth-note pairs (two vertical stems per note) followed by sixteenth-note pairs (*B*).

♩ ♩

a f f *a c d* *a f*

d *d d* *d b a* *c* *a* *a f f*

a

d

f h f h f h f i f h

i i f h f h f h f i f h

f d f b d a c

♪

c a c d a c d f

f *a a a b* *c a c*

d *d a c d a c d a b* *c*

d b a b d a c d a d a

♩ ♩ ♩

b d a c

d b d f c d f d f d c a

a f f c f

d *d c d a c a c a f f*

c c a

a a c c a c c c

d c

♪ ♪ ♪

c a b

c f d a c d

c d f a b d a c

a c a a a a

c

a

b a f a d d a a

c f c a c a c a

a

♪ ♪ ♪

a

b b

c c

d

h f c f d a

d

d d d c

d a d b a c

d

d d

f a c d a

♩ ♩

c d f c d f f

d c a c d

a c d f d f d f d c a c

a

a a b

c

a h f b a b d a a b d a c

♪

f d a c d a c f d a c d a c

f *a c d a c f d a c d a c*

a

a c d b d a c

a

a a c

c

a

♪

a d a

b f d a c d a d a

c f

a a c

b d a b d a d a

c

d a c d a d a

d a c d f c f

a

Sheet Music for Almain 7

Bacheler

The first system contains two staves of music notation. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. Both staves have common time. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with rests and measure lines. Letter names (a, b, c) are placed under specific notes to indicate pitch or performance instructions.

Bacheler

The second system continues the musical score from the first system, maintaining the soprano and alto clefs, common time, and letter naming convention.

Almain7

Bacheler

The third system continues the musical score, featuring two staves of music notation with soprano and alto clefs, common time, and letter naming.

The fourth system continues the musical score, featuring two staves of music notation with soprano and alto clefs, common time, and letter naming.

The fifth system continues the musical score, featuring two staves of music notation with soprano and alto clefs, common time, and letter naming.

The sixth system continues the musical score, featuring two staves of music notation with soprano and alto clefs, common time, and letter naming.

The seventh system concludes the musical score, featuring two staves of music notation with soprano and alto clefs, common time, and letter naming.

Courante 8

Bacheler

Sheet music for a traditional Chinese instrument, likely a bowed string instrument like the erhu or pipa. The music is organized into five systems, each consisting of two staves. The top staff uses vertical strokes (dots) and horizontal strokes (dash-dot) as note heads. The bottom staff uses vertical strokes and horizontal strokes with a small circle at the end. The notes are grouped by vertical bar lines. The music includes various performance instructions such as 'f' (fortissimo), 'ff' (fortississimo), 'p' (pianissimo), and 'i' (indicated by a vertical line). The lyrics are written below the notes in a stylized font.

Round 9

Bachelor

Sheet music for "Round 9 Bachelor". The music is arranged in five systems, each consisting of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. The music is in common time.

System 1:

```

        <img alt="Sheet music for System 1 of Round 9 Bachelor. It consists of two staves of five measures each. The top staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'a' over 'c'. The bottom staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'a' over 'c'." data-bbox="81 114 917 215"/>

```

System 2:

```

        <img alt="Sheet music for System 2 of Round 9 Bachelor. It consists of two staves of five measures each. The top staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'c' over 'd'. The bottom staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'c' over 'd'." data-bbox="81 235 917 335"/>

```

System 3:

```

        <img alt="Sheet music for System 3 of Round 9 Bachelor. It consists of two staves of five measures each. The top staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'f' over 'd'. The bottom staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'f' over 'd'." data-bbox="81 355 917 455"/>

```

System 4:

```

        <img alt="Sheet music for System 4 of Round 9 Bachelor. It consists of two staves of five measures each. The top staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'h' over 'd'. The bottom staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'h' over 'd'." data-bbox="81 475 917 575"/>

```

System 5:

```

        <img alt="Sheet music for System 5 of Round 9 Bachelor. It consists of two staves of five measures each. The top staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'f' over 'd'. The bottom staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'f' over 'd'." data-bbox="81 595 917 695"/>

```

System 6:

```

        <img alt="Sheet music for System 6 of Round 9 Bachelor. It consists of two staves of five measures each. The top staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'c' over 'd'. The bottom staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'c' over 'd'." data-bbox="81 715 917 815"/>

```

System 7:

```

        <img alt="Sheet music for System 7 of Round 9 Bachelor. It consists of two staves of five measures each. The top staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'a' over 'c'. The bottom staff starts with a note followed by a grace note 'a' over 'c'." data-bbox="81 835 917 935"/>

```

β

This page contains four measures of music for a single instrument. The first measure starts with a bass note followed by a series of eighth notes. The second measure begins with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note. The third measure consists of eighth notes. The fourth measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note.

β

This page contains five measures of music. The first measure has a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note. The second measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note. The third measure consists of eighth notes. The fourth measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note. The fifth measure ends with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note.

β

This page contains three measures of music. The first measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note. The second measure consists of eighth notes. The third measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note.

β

This page contains three measures of music. The first measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note. The second measure consists of eighth notes. The third measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note.

β

This page contains five measures of music. The first measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note. The second measure consists of eighth notes. The third measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note. The fourth measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note. The fifth measure ends with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note.

β

This page contains three measures of music. The first measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note. The second measure consists of eighth notes. The third measure starts with a bass note, followed by eighth notes and a sixteenth note.

La Jeune Fillette

Bacheler

Bacheler

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The first staff starts with a dotted half note 'a', followed by a dotted quarter note 'b'. The second staff begins with a dotted eighth note 'd'. The third staff starts with a dotted eighth note 'b'. The fourth staff begins with a dotted eighth note 'd'. The fifth staff starts with a dotted eighth note 'b'. The sixth staff starts with a dotted eighth note 'i'. The music is written in common time with various rests and note heads.

♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪

a b d f f d f d b d b a f d b a

a d a d a d a d a d a d a d a d a

f a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪

a d b a b d f d f b d a a a a a

d c d c d c d c d c d c d c d c

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

a c c c a c c c c c c c c c c c

a d c a d c a d c a d c a d c a d c

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪

h f f d d c a c d c d c d c d c

f d c a c e a c e a c e a c e a c

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

b d a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d

a c d a c d a c d a c d a c d a c

a b a b a b a b a b a b a b a b a

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪

a b d f g i g f g d f b d f d b a

a a a d d d d d d d d d d d d d

b a b d a b d f b a b d a b d a b d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪

c a d b a d b a d b a d b a d b a

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

d b a d b a d b a d b a d b a d b a

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

b d c a c a c a c a c a c a c a c

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

c a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪

f d f g f g i g f d f g d f b a b d b d f b a

a a a d d d d d d d d d d d d d

b a b d b d f b d b a b d a a a a a

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪

c a c d a c a c d a c a c d a c a c

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

b a b d b a b d b a b d b a b d b a b d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a b d a b d b a b d b a b d b a b d

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪

a b d a b d a d c a a a a a a a a

a d a d a d a d a d a d a d a d a

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

b a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a c c d d d d d d d d d d d d d

a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d a b d

a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

A musical score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' featuring two vocal parts (Soprano and Alto) and a piano accompaniment. The vocal parts are written in soprano and alto clefs, with lyrics in black ink. The piano part is in common time, with measures numbered 1 through 11. The score includes dynamic markings like *f*, *p*, and *ff*, as well as various rests and grace notes. The vocal parts begin with a melodic line, while the piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The first staff begins with a melodic line starting on a high note, followed by a rest, then a note, another rest, and a final note. The lyrics are: "f b d a". The second staff starts with a note, followed by a rest, then a note, another rest, and a final note. The lyrics are: "c a c d c". The third staff starts with a note, followed by a rest, then a note, another rest, and a final note. The lyrics are: "d a". The music continues with more notes and rests, corresponding to the lyrics: "a", "a b d b d", and "a c". The final staff concludes with a note, followed by a rest, then a note, another rest, and a final note. The lyrics are: "b d a b d". The music ends with a final note.

♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩

\overline{d} $\overline{d} \quad \overline{d}$ \overline{a}	$b \quad a$ $\overline{b} \quad \overline{d} \quad b$ \overline{d}	$a \quad b \quad d$ $\overline{a} \quad \overline{b} \quad \overline{d}$ $\overline{d} \quad \overline{a} \quad \overline{b}$	$f \quad a \quad d$ $\overline{f} \quad \overline{a} \quad \overline{d}$ $\overline{a} \quad \overline{h}$
---	--	---	--

A musical score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' on four staves. The first staff uses a soprano C-clef, the second staff an alto F-clef, the third staff a bass G-clef, and the fourth staff a tenor C-clef. The lyrics are written below each staff in both English and German. The music consists of measures 1 through 8 of the anthem.

Music score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' (Measures 1-8) on four staves:

Soprano (C-clef):	♪ ♪ ♪	f ♦ b a	a b ♦	f i ♦ f ♦ ♦ f
Alto (F-clef):	a ♦ c a ♦ c ♦ c ♦ c a c	♦	♦ c ♦ c a c ♦	g g g f
Bass (G-clef):	a ♦ f a c	♦		
Tenor (C-clef):	♦	a		

Measure 9 is indicated at the bottom center.

A musical score for two voices, Treble and Bass, showing measures 1-10. The Treble voice uses a soprano C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The Bass voice uses a bass F-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are separated by a vertical bar line. The lyrics are written below the notes.

♩ ♩ ♩ ♪ ♩ ♩

Musical score for the first section:

$\text{d} \quad \text{d}$	$\text{d} \quad \text{c} \quad \text{d}$	$\text{b} \quad \text{d} \quad \text{b}$	$\text{d} \quad \text{c} \quad \text{a} \quad \text{a}$
f	f	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$\text{a} \quad \text{b} \quad \text{d}$	$\text{b} \quad \text{a} \quad \text{c}$	$\text{b} \quad \text{c} \quad \text{a} \quad \text{d}$	$\text{b} \quad \text{a} \quad \text{d} \quad \text{c}$
$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$

A musical score consisting of five measures. The first measure contains a single note head with a stem pointing up. The second measure contains two note heads with stems pointing down. The third measure contains three note heads: one pointing up and two pointing down. The fourth measure contains two note heads with stems pointing up. The fifth measure contains a single note head with a stem pointing up.

Fine

Courante 11

Bacheler

The music is a six-staff arrangement for a six-string guitar. The staves are arranged vertically, with the top staff being the 6th string and the bottom staff being the 1st string. The notes are indicated by vertical stems with letter heads (a, c, f, d, b, e) corresponding to fret positions. The first staff starts with an 'a' at the 1st fret. The second staff starts with a 'f' at the 1st fret. The third staff starts with a 'c' at the 1st fret. The fourth staff starts with a 'd' at the 1st fret. The fifth staff starts with a 'b' at the 1st fret. The sixth staff starts with an 'e' at the 1st fret. The music consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some measure endings marked with double slashes (//). The piece concludes with a final measure ending marked with double slashes.

Sheet music for the first section of "The Star-Spangled Banner". The music consists of three staves of musical notation with corresponding letter names underneath each note.

Staff 1:

```

        . B   B   J   J. B   J   J   J   J   J   J   J
        c a c o c a d c a c d f d o c a f d o a c d o d c
        c a      c a c d c f b d c a d c a b d a c d o d c
        a         a a           a f             a           c f c
    //
```

Staff 2:

```

        J   J   J   J   J   J   J   J   J   J   J   J   J
        d a c a b d b a c a c e c a c c e a c a f c c a
        a a a c a c a c a c a c a c a c a c a c a c a c a b
        a         a           a           a           a           a
    //
```

Staff 3:

```

        J   J. B   J   J   J   J   J   J   J   J   J
        d c b a a c b a c a c a c c a c a c a c a c a c a
        c c a e c a a c a c c a c g c c a c a c a c a c a
        a         a           a           a           a           a
    //
```

Final Measure:

```

        J   J. B   J   J
        a c a c a c f a a c a c a
        a         a           a           a           a           a
    //
```

Fine

Prelude

Bachelier

Sheet music for the first section of "The Star-Spangled Banner". The music is in common time and consists of four staves of music. The notes are represented by letters (a, b, c) and symbols (dotted lines). The lyrics are written below the notes.

Staff 1:

```

        d
        b   b   b   a   a
        c   c   c   c   c
        a   a   a   b   a
        //a   a   a   b   a
        /b   a   a   a   a
        a   a   a   a   a
        //a   a   a   a   a
        a   a   a   a   a
    
```

Staff 2:

```

        d   d   d
        b   b   b   g   g   f   d   g   g   l   l   i   i   h   h   f   f   f
        c   c   c   d   d   f   d   a   h   g   g   f   f   h   h   h   h   f
        a   a   a   b   b   d   d   a   h   g   g   f   f   h   h   h   h   f
        //d   a   a   b   b   d   d   a   a   //a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a
    
```

Staff 3:

```

        d   d
        f   f   f   d   d   g   d   f   f   f   d   d   f   f   f   f   f
        g   g   g   c   c   g   c   f   f   c   c   g   c   f   f   f   f
        h   c   f   f   c   c   h   h   h   c   c   g   c   f   f   f   f
        //a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a
    
```

Staff 4:

```

        d   d   b   b   a   a   c   c   a   a   c   c   a   a   c   c
        d   d   c   c   c   a   c   d   d   a   d   c   c   c   d   a   d   a
        b   a   a   //a   a   b   a   d   d   a   d   c   d   c   a   d   a
        //a   a   a   //a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a
        a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a
    
```

Staff 5:

```

        d
        b   b   f   f   d   d   f   d   c   d   d   c   d
        c   a   a   d   c   d   d   c   a   a   a   a   a
        a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a
        //b   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a   a
    
```

Pavan 13

Bacheler

A musical score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' on two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It contains lyrics in English and German. The bottom staff uses a bass F-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It also contains lyrics in English and German. The lyrics are as follows:

Soprano (Top Staff):

f d b d a b d b a b d a b a b i i h f h i f h h f d f d f

Bass (Bottom Staff):

d d c a d f d

Moderato

A musical score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' on four staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, the second staff an alto F-clef, the third staff a bass G-clef, and the bottom staff a tenor C-clef. The time signature is common time. The lyrics are written in both English and German. The English lyrics are: 'O say can you see, by the dawn's early light, our flag on the field of battle never shall be...'. The German lyrics are: 'Ob du siehst noch, am Morgen des Lichts, wie unser Banner auf dem Schlachtfeld...'. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Handwritten musical score for two voices, featuring six measures of music with lyrics in German and Latin. The score includes vocal entries, dynamic markings, and a basso continuo line.

Musical score for "The Star-Spangled Banner" featuring lyrics in English and musical notes. The score consists of two systems separated by a double bar line. The first system covers the first eight measures, and the second system covers the remaining four measures.

System 1 (Measures 1-8):

b	a	d	a	a	d	d	a	b	d	a	a
c	a	d	a	c	c	c	a	c	c	c	a
a											

System 2 (Measures 9-12):

c	d	d	a	d	b	d	b	d	c	c	c
a				a			a		a		a

Double bar line: //a

Fantasy

Bacheler

Musical score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' featuring two staves of music. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is common time. The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are written below the notes. Measure 11 starts with a half note 'd' followed by an eighth note 'd'. Measure 12 starts with a half note 'd' followed by an eighth note 'd'. The lyrics 'O'er the rampart we watch' are repeated.

A musical score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' in G major, 2/4 time. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses English lyrics: 'O say can you see by the dawn's early light'. The bottom staff uses German lyrics: 'Ob du sie siehst am Morgen des Tageslichts'. The music includes various dynamics like 'f' (fortissimo), 'ff' (fortississimo), and 'p' (pianissimo). The vocal parts are separated by a vertical bar line.

A musical score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' in common time. The vocal part is in soprano range, and the piano part provides harmonic support. The vocal line includes melodic patterns such as 'f-d b a b a' and 'b-d a b-d a f'. The piano accompaniment features sustained notes and chords.

♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ . ♪ ♪ . ♪ ♪ . ♪ ♪ i ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪

a b ab a f h f d b a f d b a f d b

— b — — — — — — — — — — —

— c a c a — c b — d a c e f c h g f d b — a c c — d

— b a — b a — a a c — — a c — — h — — b — a — c c — d

b a b //c/a

♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♪ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♪ ♩ ♩ ♩ ♩

\overline{a}	$\overline{\overline{d}} \overline{c}$	$\overline{\overline{d}} \overline{b}$	a	$\overline{\overline{d}} \overline{a} \overline{c} \overline{c} \overline{d} \overline{c}$	$\overline{\overline{d}} \overline{d} \overline{b}$	$\overline{\overline{d}} \overline{c} \overline{a} \overline{a}$	$c \overline{d} c$	$\overline{\overline{d}} \overline{b} \overline{a}$	$\overline{\overline{a}} \overline{c} \overline{c} \overline{a}$
$\overline{\overline{d}} \overline{c}$	$f \overline{c} c$	$\overline{\overline{a}} \overline{a} \overline{c}$	$\overline{\overline{d}} \overline{c}$	a	\overline{a}	a	$\overline{\overline{d}} b \overline{a}$	$\overline{a} c \overline{c} a$	$\overline{a} c \overline{c} a$
$\overline{d} f$	c								
a									

// a a // c a // a

Fantasia f. 16

Robert Johnson

Handwritten musical score for a six-part setting of "The Lord's Prayer". The score consists of six staves, each representing a different voice or instrument. The music is written in common time, with various note heads and stems. The vocal parts are labeled with lowercase letters (a-f) and some symbols like 'f' and 'c'. The score includes several measures of music, with some sections ending in double slashes (//) indicating a repeat or a section end.

Pavana 2

Johnson

Sheet music for a 12-string guitar, featuring six staves of tablature with corresponding letter notation below each staff.

Staff 1:

```

f d | f d | a a b | d d d d | d b a b d f | f d b d | f f d
d d | d d | d c a c | d d | d d | d d | d d
a a | a c | a b d a a | b a b d a a | a a | a d c a c
a | a c | a b d a | b a b d a | a a | a d c a c
a | a c | a b d a | b a b d a | a a | a d c a c

```

Staff 2:

```

b b d g f d | i d g f b | d b a b | d f g d b a
c c d | b a d | a c b a | f d c a | a a
b b d b a | d b a | a c b a | f d c a | a a
b b d b a | d b a | a c b a | f d c a | a a

```

Staff 3:

```

f d f g d f | g d f f | d d d c a c a c | d d d b a b a b a b o
a a | a c | a b o a a | b a b | a b d a
a a | a c | a b o a a | b a b | a b d a
c c | a b o a a | b a b | a b d a
a a | a c | a b o a a | b a b | a b d a

```

Staff 4:

```

f d b d b a | a b d f | c c d c | d b d a b | d f g d
a b | a b d c a c a c | b b d | f d g d
a b | a b d c a c a c | b b d | f d g d

```

Staff 5:

```

f g i f g | d f g f b | d f d b d b | g b d f g d f g
a | b | a | a d b a | d f g d

```

Staff 6:

```

f c | b d a c d b a | a d b | l b l f h f d f c o a c | a c b | b b a b d
c a c d | a a | d c a c | a | a a | d b | b c a
a a | a a | a a | a | a a | d b | b c a

```

Staff 7:

```

d b b b a | b a | f h i i h | h f f d b | b a | d b b b d
c d a c | c | a h f | f d a | d b | b d d c d
a | a | a | f d a | d b | b d d c d

```

Staff 8:

```

f g f d f | f d d | b a b d | f f d b a b | a a
d d | f f d c a | a d | c c c a | a a
f a f | f f d c a | a d | a c c a | a a
d c | f f d c a | a d | a c c a | a a

```

Sheet music for a two-part composition, likely a duet or a piece for two voices. The music is organized into measures, each consisting of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The notation includes various note heads (circles, squares, triangles) and rests, with some notes having vertical stems and others horizontal stems. The vocal parts are labeled with lowercase letters (a, b, c, d, f, g, h, i, j, k, l, m, n, o, p, r, s, t, u, v, w, x, y, z). Measure numbers are present at the beginning of several measures.

im Original ohne Taktstriche – frei

Pavan 3

R.Johnson

The musical score consists of six staves of music, each with four lines. The notes are represented by various symbols: 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'f', 'h', 'i', 's' (short), 't' (tie), and 'v' (vertical bar). The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines and sections by double bar lines with repeat signs. The first staff begins with a measure of two eighth notes (a, b), followed by a measure of one eighth note (a) and one eighth note (b). The second staff begins with a measure of one eighth note (a) and one eighth note (b). The third staff begins with a measure of one eighth note (a) and one eighth note (b). The fourth staff begins with a measure of one eighth note (a) and one eighth note (b). The fifth staff begins with a measure of one eighth note (a) and one eighth note (b). The sixth staff begins with a measure of one eighth note (a) and one eighth note (b).

A musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff consists of five measures of rhythmic patterns with corresponding letter heads (a, b, c) above each note. The bottom staff consists of four measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) below each note. Measures 5 and 6 are indicated by double slashes at the end of the staff.

A musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff consists of five measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) above each note. The bottom staff consists of four measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) below each note. Measures 5 and 6 are indicated by double slashes at the end of the staff.

A musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff consists of five measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) above each note. The bottom staff consists of four measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) below each note. Measures 5 and 6 are indicated by double slashes at the end of the staff.

A musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff consists of five measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) above each note. The bottom staff consists of four measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) below each note. Measures 5 and 6 are indicated by double slashes at the end of the staff.

A musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff consists of five measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) above each note. The bottom staff consists of four measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) below each note. Measures 5 and 6 are indicated by double slashes at the end of the staff.

A musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff consists of five measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) above each note. The bottom staff consists of four measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) below each note. Measures 5 and 6 are indicated by double slashes at the end of the staff.

A musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff consists of five measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) above each note. The bottom staff consists of four measures of rhythmic patterns with letter heads (a, b, c) below each note. Measures 5 and 6 are indicated by double slashes at the end of the staff.

Pavan 4

Robert Johnson

The musical score consists of ten staves of music, each with a unique set of symbols representing pitch and rhythm. The symbols include letters (a, b, c, d) and various diacritics (overline, dot, breve, etc.) indicating note values and pitch. The staves are organized into measures separated by vertical bar lines and some horizontal bar lines. The first staff begins with a dotted half note followed by six eighth notes. The second staff starts with a quarter note. The third staff begins with a half note. The fourth staff starts with a quarter note. The fifth staff begins with a half note. The sixth staff starts with a quarter note. The seventh staff begins with a half note. The eighth staff starts with a quarter note. The ninth staff begins with a half note. The tenth staff ends with a half note.

Galliard 5 My Lady Mildemays Delight

John Lane

The musical score for "Galliard 5 My Lady Mildemays Delight" is a complex arrangement for eight voices. The voices are labeled with letters above the staves: a, b, c, d, e, f, g, and h. The music is in common time and features a variety of note heads (circles, crosses, etc.) and stems. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The notes are written in a traditional musical notation style with stems and heads.

Galliard 6

John Lane

Alman 7

Robert Johnson

The sheet music consists of five systems of musical notation, each with two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. The music is in common time.

System 1:

a b\# a	b a b\#d	a\# f\# h i	h f\# c\# a c	d f d\# b g\# a
$\text{c \overline{d}}$	$\text{a \overline{d}}$	d c a	e a a	$\text{a \overline{d}}$

System 2:

$\text{b\#d b a \overline{a}}$	$\text{b\#d b a \overline{a}}$	a b\# a b\#d a	$\text{b a b\#d \overline{a\# b\#d}}$	a c\# d\# h i
$\text{a f c \overline{d}}$	$\text{d a c \overline{d c\#}}$	$\text{a c \overline{d}}$	$\text{d a \overline{d}}$	d c a

$\text{\textit{/\!/a}}$

System 3:

h f\# c\# a c	$\text{d f d\# b a \overline{b\#d}}$	$\text{b\#d b\#d \overline{a \overline{d}}}$	$\text{b\#d b a \overline{a c\# \overline{d \overline{c\# \overline{d}}}}$	$\text{a\# \overline{d} \overline{b\#d}}$	$\text{a \overline{d} b\#d}$
c a a	$\text{a \overline{d}}$	$\text{d \overline{d}}$	$\text{a \overline{d}}$	$\text{a \overline{d}}$	$\text{c \overline{d}}$

$\text{\textit{/\!/a}}$

System 4:

$\text{d\# b \overline{b} f \overline{a}}$	$\text{d b\# a \overline{d}}$	$\text{b a\# \overline{d b\# \overline{b \overline{a}}}}$	$\text{d b a\# \overline{d \overline{c a}}}$	$\text{a b\#d \overline{a\# \overline{c \overline{a\# \overline{d}}}}$
$\text{f \overline{d}}$	$\text{f \overline{d}}$	$\text{b \overline{d}}$	$\text{c a \overline{d}}$	$\text{c \overline{d}}$

System 5:

$\text{d b\#d a \overline{a}}$	$\text{a\# \overline{d}}$	$\text{a \overline{d b\#d \overline{b\#d \overline{a}}}}$	$\text{d b a\# b f a \overline{d \overline{f \overline{d}}}}$	$\text{d b\#d \overline{d \overline{f \overline{d}}}}$
c a a	a	$\text{c \overline{d}}$	$\text{c a \overline{d}}$	$\text{a \overline{d}}$

$\text{\textit{/\!/a}}$

System 6:

$\text{b a\# \overline{d b\# \overline{b \overline{a}}}}$	$\text{d b a\# \overline{d \overline{c a}}}$	$\text{a b\#d \overline{a \overline{d c\# \overline{d c \overline{c}}}}$	$\text{d b\#d a \overline{a c\# \overline{d c \overline{a}}}}$	$\text{a \overline{d}}$
$\text{b \overline{d}}$	$\text{d c a \overline{d}}$	$\text{c \overline{d}}$	$\text{c a \overline{d}}$	$\text{a \overline{d}}$

$\text{\textit{/\!/a}}$

Alman 8

Robert Johnson

Sheet music for a two-part composition, likely for a two-octave handbell or similar instrument. The music is divided into four systems by vertical bar lines.

System 1:

a	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	$\text{c} \times$	$\text{a} \# \text{c e f} \# \text{h b}$	h	b	$\text{f} \times$	b h	$\text{f} \# \text{h b}$	$\text{h} \times$	$\text{f} \times$	$\text{f c} \# \text{c a}$	d	$\text{c} \# \text{c} \times$
d	d	d		b	b	$\text{f} \times$	b h		$\text{f} \times$	a	a	d	
c	a				b		a	g	g				
a		c c a		h	b	a h	h b		a	a a	a	d c a	

System 2:

$\text{d c} \# \text{a}$	d f c d	$\text{a} \text{d a}$	\vdots	a c	$\text{c c} \times$	\vdots	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	$\text{c c} \times$	$\text{c a} \# \text{d}$	$\text{d c} \# \text{d}$	a	a d	a
		$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	\vdots	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	$\text{c c} \times$	\vdots	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	$\text{c c} \times$	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	$\text{d c} \# \text{d}$		c d	d
a		a	\vdots	a		\vdots	a		a	c c c c		c c c c	c
a		a	\vdots	a		\vdots	a		a	c c c c		c c c c	c

System 3:

$\text{a c a} \# \text{d}$	a a c	a f	$\text{c c} \# \text{a}$	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	a c	h f c c	$\text{f} \times \text{c} \# \text{d}$	a a	a a	\vdots	a a	$\text{h} \times \text{a f c} \# \text{d}$
a	$\text{d c} \# \text{d}$	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	a	a	a c	$\text{f} \times \text{c} \# \text{d}$	a a	a a	\vdots	a a	$\text{h} \times \text{a f c} \# \text{d}$
a		$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	a	c c	a	a c a	a c	c	a a	\vdots	c	$\text{h} \times \text{a f c} \# \text{d}$
a			$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	a	a c a	a c	c	a a	\vdots	c	$\text{h} \times \text{a f c} \# \text{d}$

System 4:

a f	$\text{d c} \# \text{a}$	a	a	$\text{d c} \# \text{a}$	a	$\text{d c} \# \text{a}$	a	a	$\text{d c} \# \text{a}$	$\text{d c} \# \text{a}$	$\text{c} \# \text{c}$	$\text{c} \# \text{c}$
$\text{c} \# \text{a}$	$\text{d} \times$	a	$\text{d} \# \text{d}$	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	a	$\text{d} \# \text{d}$	$\text{c} \# \text{d}$	a	$\text{d} \# \text{d}$	$\text{d} \# \text{d}$	$\text{c} \text{c}$	$\text{c} \text{c}$
											$\text{c} \text{c}$	$\text{c} \text{c}$
											a a	a a

Alman 9 Lady Strang's Almain

Robert Johnson

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. Both staves have a common time signature. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are written below the notes in a combination of English letters (a, b, c, f, h, i, l, m, n) and musical symbols (dotted lines, dots, dashes). Measure 1 starts with 'a c' on both staves. Measures 2-3 show 'dotted a' on both staves. Measures 4-5 show 'c a' on both staves. Measures 6-7 show 'f' on both staves. Measures 8-9 show 'h' on both staves. Measures 10-11 show 'i' on both staves. Measures 12-13 show 'l' on both staves. Measures 14-15 show 'm' on both staves. Measures 16-17 show 'n' on both staves. Measures 18-19 show 'a c' on both staves. Measures 20-21 show 'f' on both staves. Measures 22-23 show 'h' on both staves. Measures 24-25 show 'f' on both staves. Measures 26-27 show 'c' on both staves. Measures 28-29 show 'a' on both staves.

Alman 10

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. Both staves have a common time signature. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are written below the notes in a combination of English letters (a, b, c, f, h, i, l, m, n) and musical symbols (dotted lines, dots, dashes). Measure 1 starts with 'f# h' on both staves. Measures 2-3 show 'f# d' on both staves. Measures 4-5 show 'c c' on both staves. Measures 6-7 show 'f h' on both staves. Measures 8-9 show 'f# f' on both staves. Measures 10-11 show 'h i' on both staves. Measures 12-13 show 'f' on both staves. Measures 14-15 show 'h f' on both staves. Measures 16-17 show 'd c' on both staves. Measures 18-19 show 'c d' on both staves. Measures 20-21 show 'f' on both staves. Measures 22-23 show 'c' on both staves. Measures 24-25 show 'd' on both staves.

The musical score continues from the previous page. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. Both staves have a common time signature. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are written below the notes in a combination of English letters (a, b, c, f, h, i, l, m, n) and musical symbols (dotted lines, dots, dashes). Measure 1 starts with 'f x f' on both staves. Measures 2-3 show 'a c' on both staves. Measures 4-5 show 'd f h b l x c' on both staves. Measures 6-7 show 'f a c # d a' on both staves. Measures 8-9 show 'f' on both staves. Measures 10-11 show 'a c' on both staves. Measures 12-13 show 'f d c # a' on both staves. Measures 14-15 show 'c' on both staves. Measures 16-17 show 'd' on both staves.

Alman 11

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. Both staves have a common time signature. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are written below the notes in a combination of English letters (a, b, c, f, h, i, l, m, n) and musical symbols (dotted lines, dots, dashes). Measure 1 starts with 'a c c' on both staves. Measures 2-3 show 'f x c #' on both staves. Measures 4-5 show 'a c # a' on both staves. Measures 6-7 show 'a' on both staves. Measures 8-9 show 'd c #' on both staves. Measures 10-11 show 'a' on both staves. Measures 12-13 show 'b c' on both staves. Measures 14-15 show 'a c' on both staves. Measures 16-17 show 'd a c d' on both staves. Measures 18-19 show 'a c' on both staves. Measures 20-21 show 'a' on both staves.

Musical score for the first section of the piece, featuring two staves of six measures each. The notes are represented by various symbols like dots, dashes, and crosses, indicating different pitch and duration values. A repeat sign and a double bar line are present at the end of the first section.

A musical score for two voices, Treble and Bass, showing measures 1-10. The Treble voice uses a soprano C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The Bass voice uses an alto C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are separated by a vertical bar line.

Alman 12

Sheet music for the first section of the piece, featuring a treble clef, common time, and a key signature of one sharp. The music consists of two staves of six measures each, separated by a double bar line with repeat dots.

Appendix Carman's Whistle

M. Johnsonnen

. .	♪	♪	♪	. . ♪	. . ♪	. . ♪	. . ♪	. . ♪	. . ♪	. . ♪
<i>a c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>c d</i>	<i>c d</i> <i>a</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>c a</i>		<i>h</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>a</i>
<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>i</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>a</i>
<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>			<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>c c</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>
<i>f</i>	<i>e</i>	<i>c</i>			<i>f</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>c c</i>		<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>
<i>c</i>									<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>

♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪ ♪

$\frac{c}{d} d a \quad c a c \quad \frac{c}{d} c a \quad \frac{f}{d} \frac{c}{d} c \quad \frac{d}{d} \frac{d}{d} \frac{d}{d} \quad \frac{c}{d} c \quad \frac{c}{d} a \quad \frac{c}{d} c \quad \frac{a}{d} a$

$a \frac{a}{d} \frac{a}{d} \quad a c a c \quad a c a \quad \frac{c}{d} a c c \quad \frac{c}{d} c a \quad a c c \quad c c \quad c c b \quad c a \quad c c$

1. *... a c c f*

2. *... a c c f*

3. *... a c c f*

4. *... a c c f*

5. *... a c c f*

6. *... a c c f*

7. *... a c c f*

8. *... a c c f*

9. *... a c c f*

10. *... a c c f*

11. *... a c c f*

12. *... a c c f*

13. *... a c c f*

14. *... a c c f*

15. *... a c c f*

16. *... a c c f*

17. *... a c c f*

18. *... a c c f*

19. *... a c c f*

20. *... a c c f*

21. *... a c c f*

22. *... a c c f*

23. *... a c c f*

24. *... a c c f*

25. *... a c c f*

26. *... a c c f*

27. *... a c c f*

28. *... a c c f*

29. *... a c c f*

30. *... a c c f*

31. *... a c c f*

32. *... a c c f*

33. *... a c c f*

34. *... a c c f*

35. *... a c c f*

36. *... a c c f*

37. *... a c c f*

38. *... a c c f*

39. *... a c c f*

40. *... a c c f*

41. *... a c c f*

42. *... a c c f*

43. *... a c c f*

44. *... a c c f*

45. *... a c c f*

46. *... a c c f*

47. *... a c c f*

48. *... a c c f*

49. *... a c c f*

50. *... a c c f*

51. *... a c c f*

52. *... a c c f*

53. *... a c c f*

54. *... a c c f*

55. *... a c c f*

56. *... a c c f*

57. *... a c c f*

58. *... a c c f*

59. *... a c c f*

60. *... a c c f*

61. *... a c c f*

62. *... a c c f*

63. *... a c c f*

64. *... a c c f*

65. *... a c c f*

66. *... a c c f*

67. *... a c c f*

68. *... a c c f*

69. *... a c c f*

70. *... a c c f*

71. *... a c c f*

72. *... a c c f*

73. *... a c c f*

74. *... a c c f*

75. *... a c c f*

76. *... a c c f*

77. *... a c c f*

78. *... a c c f*

79. *... a c c f*

80. *... a c c f*

81. *... a c c f*

82. *... a c c f*

83. *... a c c f*

84. *... a c c f*

85. *... a c c f*

86. *... a c c f*

87. *... a c c f*

88. *... a c c f*

89. *... a c c f*

90. *... a c c f*

91. *... a c c f*

92. *... a c c f*

93. *... a c c f*

94. *... a c c f*

95. *... a c c f*

96. *... a c c f*

97. *... a c c f*

98. *... a c c f*

99. *... a c c f*

100. *... a c c f*