

Pieces Extraites de la  
Tres Breve et Familiere Introduction  
et  
Dix-huit basses dances

Publiées par Pierre Attaingnant  
(1529-1530)



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J'atens secours

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation for a three-string instrument. The notation includes various note heads (diamond, circle, triangle) and stems, with some stems pointing up and some down. The notes are grouped by vertical bar lines. Below each staff, there are letter labels (a, b, c, d, e, f) corresponding to the note heads. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure numbers 1 through 30 are indicated above the staves.

1      2      3      4

*a a b*    *c a c d a c*    *c a b b a d d c d a c d*    *c d a b c a*

5      6      7      8

*a d a*    *c a c*    *a d d c d c d c*    *d c a d b a d*

9      10      11      12

*b a a*    *d b d a b a*    *a c c a c a*    *a c c a c a c d*

13      14      15

*c c*    *c*    *f d a*

16      17      18      19

*a a*    *a a*    *b a c a e c*    *b a b d c a*

20      21      22      23

*a a b*    *c a d c d a d*    *b b a d d c d a c d*    *c d a b c a d c d a*

24      25      26      27

*a a*    *a d d c d c*    *a a*    *a b d a*

28      29      30

*c a c*    *a a d*    *c a c a*    *b a a c c a*

J'ay trop aimé

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

Je me repens

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation, likely for a string instrument like cello or bass. The notation uses letter note heads (a, b, c) and includes various rhythmic patterns such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and grace notes indicated by small diamonds.

**Staff 1:**

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 5: Starts with a grace note (diamond), followed by eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measures 6-9: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 10: Starts with a grace note (diamond).

**Staff 2:**

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 5: Starts with a grace note (diamond).
- Measures 6-9: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 10: Starts with a grace note (diamond).

**Staff 3:**

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 5: Starts with a grace note (diamond).
- Measures 6-9: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 10: Starts with a grace note (diamond).

**Staff 4:**

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 5: Starts with a grace note (diamond).
- Measures 6-9: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 10: Starts with a grace note (diamond).

**Staff 5:**

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 5: Starts with a grace note (diamond).
- Measures 6-9: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 10: Starts with a grace note (diamond).

**Staff 6:**

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 5: Starts with a grace note (diamond).
- Measures 6-9: Rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.
- Measure 10: Starts with a grace note (diamond).

La guerre

5

10

15

20

25

30

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation, each with a corresponding fingering below it. The staves are divided by vertical bar lines. The fingerings are: 'a' (downward arrow), 'c' (diamond), 'f' (downward arrow with a horizontal stroke), and 'ff' (two downward arrows). The music includes various note heads and stems. Measure numbers 35, 40, 45, 50, and 55 are indicated above the staves. The first staff begins with a single note head followed by a series of eighth-note pairs. The second staff starts with a single note head followed by a series of eighth-note pairs. The third staff begins with a single note head followed by a series of eighth-note pairs. The fourth staff begins with a single note head followed by a series of eighth-note pairs. The fifth staff begins with a single note head followed by a series of eighth-note pairs. The sixth staff begins with a single note head followed by a series of eighth-note pairs.

Languir me fais

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

De retourner

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

35

c c a  
d d d | a a a | b c b a | c a b c a b | d d d c d c a c | d |

a a a  
c c c | c c c | a c e e c e | a c a a d | c c a c | e |

D'estre amoureux

c f d c c d c d a | a a a c d a a | c d f d c a a |

d d a e c a | a a a a | a a b d b a | c c c a c |

d c a c d c a | a a a | a a c a a | a a a b d a |

5

d c a c d c a | a a a | a a c a a | a a a b d a |

a b a c a | a a a | a a b d b a | c c c a |

a b a c a | a a a | a a c a a | a a a b d a |

a b a c a | a a a | a a b d b a | a a a b d a |

c f d a c d c d a | c f f d a c d c d c | a a a c d a a |

d d a e c a | a e c a | a a a a | a a a c e |

c d f d c a | a b d b a | c c c a c | a b a c a |

a a a a | a c a | a c a a | c a a |

c d f d c a | a b d b a | c c c a c | a b a c a |

a a a a | a c a | a c a a | c a a |

Dolent depart

1. **c c** **d c d a** **c a c d c a** **d d d a** **a c d a**  
**d b d b a c** **a** **d b a** **a a a** **c** **c**

5. **c a a** **a d a c b a** **d c a d c d c a c** **d** **a a**  
**d b d a d** **a** **c a** **a** **d d c d c d a**

10. **p a c** **c a d a c d a** **c a c d a** **p a**  
**d b d a** **a** **c** **a**

15. **c a c e f** **a e c f e** **f d ace a c e a c a c e f** **c c a c a c d**  
**a c a e a** **c c** **a** **a** **p a**

20. **c c a c a** **d c** **a c d a c** **d a c** **c a**  
**p a** **f f** **d a** **b c a** **a c**

25. **c a c d c b a** **c** **d b d b a** **d c d a a** **c a c d c a** **d d d a**  
**a a** **a** **a a c** **a** **a a** **c**

30. **a c d a** **c a** **d c d a** **a c b a** **c a c d c a** **d d d a**  
**b c** **c c** **a** **c a** **c a** **a**

35. **a c d a** **c a** **d c d a** **a c b a** **d c a d c d c a c** **d**  
**b c** **c c** **a** **c a** **c a** **a**

Musical score for 'Fortune a bien' featuring two staves of notation. The top staff begins with a dotted half note followed by a sixteenth note. The bottom staff begins with a sixteenth note. Both staves continue with various note heads and stems, including quarter notes, eighth notes, and sixteenth notes, with some stems pointing up and others down. The notation uses letters (c, a, b) and vertical stems.

Fortune a bien

Musical score for 'Fortune a bien' featuring four staves of notation. The top staff begins with a sixteenth note. The second staff begins with a sixteenth note. The third staff begins with a sixteenth note. The fourth staff begins with a sixteenth note. All staves continue with various note heads and stems, including quarter notes, eighth notes, and sixteenth notes, with some stems pointing up and others down. The notation uses letters (c, a, b) and vertical stems.

Fortune laisse moy la vye

1

5

10

15

20

25

30

*f*

30

31

32

33

34

Il me suffit

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

Las il fauldra

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation, likely for a band or ensemble. Each staff has a different set of symbols above the notes, such as diamonds, inverted triangles, and vertical bars. The lyrics are written below the notes in a stylized font. Measure numbers 1 through 30 are indicated on the left side of each staff.

**Staff 1:**

- Measure 1: Diamond, Diamond, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 2: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 3: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 4: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 5: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle

**Staff 2:**

- Measure 1: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 2: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 3: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 4: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 5: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle

**Staff 3:**

- Measure 1: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 2: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 3: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 4: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 5: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle

**Staff 4:**

- Measure 1: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 2: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 3: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 4: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 5: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle

**Staff 5:**

- Measure 1: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 2: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 3: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 4: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 5: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle

**Staff 6:**

- Measure 1: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 2: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 3: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 4: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle
- Measure 5: Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle, Inverted Triangle

Las pourquoy

The sheet music consists of five staves of musical notation. The notation includes various note heads (diamonds, dots, and vertical dashes) and rests. The lyrics are written below the notes in a French-like language using letters a, b, c, d, e, and f. Measure numbers 5, 10, and 15 are indicated above the staff. The final measure ends with a double bar line.

5  
10  
15  
20

Le dur regret

The sheet music consists of five staves of musical notation. The notation includes various note heads (diamonds, dots, and vertical dashes) and rests. The lyrics are written below the notes in a French-like language using letters a, b, c, d, e, and f. Measure number 5 is indicated above the staff. The final measure ends with a double bar line.

5

Le jaulne et blanc

10

15

20

25

30

35

Si vostre cuer

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Amour vault trop

The musical score consists of six staves of music, each with a different note head style (diamond, circle, triangle, etc.) and corresponding text below it. The text is written in a stylized, possibly medieval or early printed font, using letters like 'a', 'c', 'b', 'e', 'f', and 'd'. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and measure numbers (5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30) are placed above certain measures. The notes are positioned above the staves, and the text is centered under each staff.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

Amy souffres

5

10

15

20  
 25  
 30  
 35  
 40  
 45  
 50

Cest mon amy

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

60

Vivrai-je tousjours

Musical score for 'Vivrai-je tousjours' featuring four staves of music. The notation includes various note heads (diamond, dot, cross) and letter notation (c, d, e, f, a, b). Measure numbers 5 and 10 are indicated. A bracket labeled 'R' is present in the third staff.

Staff 1:

```

    diamond diamond diamond diamond
    c c c d
    d a a c
    a e e c
    c a a
    c a c c c
    c a c d a
  
```

Staff 2:

```

    diamond diamond diamond diamond
    d a a c
    d c d c a c d
    a b d b b
    d b a d a
    c a
    c a c
    d a c
  
```

Staff 3:

```

    d a c d a
    c d a
    c a c
    c a c e
    b a
    c a c e
    c a c e
    c a c
    c a c
  
```

Staff 4:

```

    d a a b
    d a c
    c a
    d a c e
    d a c e
    a c a b c
    a c a
    d a
    R
  
```

Staff 5:

```

    d a c a
    d a b d
    c a
    a c a
    d a b a d
    c a
    d c a d c
    d a
    e f
  
```

Branle gay XV

Musical score for 'Branle gay XV' featuring two staves of music. The notation includes various note heads (diamond, dot, cross) and letter notation (a, b, c, d, e, f).

Staff 1:

```

    d. d d
    d. d d
    d. d d
    d d d d
    a d c a
    a a
    d a d d
    a a a
    b a b b
    a a a a
    a a
    a a
    a a
    a a
  
```

Staff 2:

```

    d. d
    d. d
    d. d d d
    d. d
    a a
    a a
    a a
    a a
  
```

10

15

20

### Branle gay XVII

5

10

15

20

Branle gay XVIII

10

15

20

25

Branle gay XXIII

10

15

Recoupe

The musical score consists of six staves of rhythmic patterns. The patterns are composed of note heads (diamonds) and stems (vertical lines). Some note heads have horizontal dashes or vertical bars through them, indicating specific rhythmic values or attacks. The patterns are divided by vertical bar lines and numbered with Roman numerals (I, II, III, IV, V, VI) above the staves. The patterns are as follows:

- Staff I:** I. ♫, II. ♫ ♪, III. ♫ ♫ ♪, IV. ♫. ♪, V. ♫ ♪, VI. ♪
- Staff II:** I. c c, II. c d a c d, III. a d a d c a d, IV. a c a c d, V. c d a c d, VI. c a c d a c
- Staff III:** I. a a, II. a, III. a, IV. a, V. a, VI. a
- Staff IV:** I. ♫ ♪ ♪, II. ♫ ♪ ♪, III. ♫ ♪ ♪, IV. ♫ ♪ ♪, V. ♫ ♪ ♪, VI. ♫ ♪ ♪
- Staff V:** I. d a, II. d d, III. c c, IV. c d a c a c d, V. a d a d c a d, VI. a c a c d
- Staff VI:** I. a c a c, II. a a, III. a a, IV. a, V. a, VI. a
- Staff VII:** I. ♫ ♪ ♪, II. ♫ ♪ ♪, III. ♫ ♪ ♪, IV. ♫ ♪ ♪, V. ♫ ♪ ♪, VI. ♫ ♪ ♪
- Staff VIII:** I. c d a c a d c, II. d c d a c a, III. d c a d c a, IV. c a c d a c, V. d c d c a c, VI. d d
- Staff IX:** I. a, II. a, III. a, IV. a, V. c a, VI. a
- Staff X:** I. ♫, II. ♫, III. ♫, IV. ♫, V. ♫, VI. ♫
- Staff XI:** I. ♫ ♪, II. ♫ ♪, III. ♫, IV. ♫, V. ♫, VI. ♫
- Staff XII:** I. d c a d, II. c a c, III. a d c a d c, IV. d c d c d a c a, V. d c d c a d c a, VI. d d
- Staff XIII:** I. a, II. a, III. a, IV. a, V. a, VI. a
- Staff XIV:** I. ♫ ♪, II. ♫ ♪, III. ♫, IV. ♫, V. ♫, VI. ♫
- Staff XV:** I. c a c a c d a c, II. d c c a c, III. c a c, IV. d c d c a, V. d d, VI. a a
- Staff XVI:** I. a, II. a, III. a, IV. a, V. a, VI. a

Measure numbers 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, and 30 are indicated above the staves.

Roque 1

Roque 1 musical score:

Staff 1 (measures 1-4):

- Measure 1:  $\downarrow \downarrow$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\uparrow$
- Measure 2:  $\text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{c} \text{d}$
- Measure 3:  $\text{a} \text{a}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{a}$ ,  $\text{a}$ ,  $\text{a}$
- Measure 4:  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$
- Measure 5:  $\text{a} \text{a}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{a}$ ,  $\text{a}$ ,  $\text{a}$

Staff 2 (measures 5-8):

- Measure 5:  $\downarrow \downarrow$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\uparrow$
- Measure 6:  $\text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{c} \text{d}$
- Measure 7:  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$
- Measure 8:  $\text{a} \text{a}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{a}$ ,  $\text{a}$ ,  $\text{a}$

Staff 3 (measures 9-12):

- Measure 9:  $\uparrow$ ,  $\diamond$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\uparrow$
- Measure 10:  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$
- Measure 11:  $\text{a} \text{e} \text{a} \text{a} \text{c}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{e} \text{c}$
- Measure 12:  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$

Staff 4 (measures 13-16):

- Measure 13:  $\uparrow$ ,  $\diamond$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\uparrow$
- Measure 14:  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$
- Measure 15:  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$
- Measure 16:  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{d}$

Sansserre

Sansserre musical score:

Staff 1 (measures 1-4):

- Measure 1:  $\beta \beta$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\downarrow$
- Measure 2:  $\text{a} \text{d} \text{a} \text{b} \text{a} \text{d} \text{a}$ ,  $\text{b} \text{a} \text{b} \text{d} \text{b} \text{a}$
- Measure 3:  $\text{d}$ ,  $\text{a}$ ,  $\text{a}$ ,  $\text{d}$
- Measure 4:  $\text{d} \text{c} \text{d} \text{c} \text{a} \text{d} \text{b} \text{a}$ ,  $\text{c} \text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{a}$

Staff 2 (measures 5-8):

- Measure 5:  $\beta \beta$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\downarrow$
- Measure 6:  $\text{a} \text{d} \text{a} \text{b} \text{a} \text{d} \text{a}$ ,  $\text{b} \text{a} \text{b} \text{d} \text{b} \text{a}$
- Measure 7:  $\text{c} \text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{a} \text{c} \text{d} \text{a}$ ,  $\text{a} \text{d} \text{a} \text{b} \text{a} \text{d} \text{a}$
- Measure 8:  $\beta \beta$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\downarrow$ ,  $\beta \beta$

10

15

20

### Sauterelle

5

A musical score for a single melodic instrument, likely a recorder or flute. It consists of five systems of music, each with two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. The music is in common time. The notation includes various note heads (diamonds, circles, triangles) and rests. Measure numbers 10, 15, 20, and 30 are indicated above the staff. The first system ends with a double bar line.

### La Rote de Rode

A continuation of the musical score for "La Rote de Rode". This system begins with measure 5 and continues through measure 20. The notation remains consistent with the first system, featuring two staves per system and a soprano C-clef on the top staff. Measure numbers 5, 10, 15, and 20 are marked above the staff. The music concludes with a final measure ending in a circle.

a f    ec    e fe    f    25  
 c    a    a    a  
 a    c    c    a  
 a    a    a    a  
 a    a    a    a  
 a    a    a    a  
 a    c    c  
 a    c  
  
 f d c    35    d a c    a  
 a    a b d    a  
 c    a c    a c  
 a    a    a  
 a    c    a  
 a    a    a  
 a    c a c d    a  
 a    a  
  
 f d c    d a c    a    45    a  
 a b d    a b c    a  
 c    a c    a c  
 a    a    a  
 a    c    a  
 a    a    a  
 a    c a c d    a  
 a    a

Branle Nicolas mon beau frere

b b b    5    d b a d b a    b a b a b d    b a b d b a b a b  
 a a a    a    a a    a    a    a  
  
 d b a d b a b a b    10    d b a d b a c d    d c d a c d    d c d a    b a d c  
 a    a    a    a    a    a    a    a  
  
 d b a d b a    15    d b a d b c d    b a d b c d c d    b b d c    d a b a  
 a    a    a    a    a    a    a    a

20

### Branle Poictou 2

5

10

15

20

### Branle Poictou 3

The musical score consists of three staves of rhythmic notation. The first staff uses vertical stems with dots at the top. The second staff uses vertical stems with dots at the bottom. The third staff uses vertical stems with dots at the middle. Below each staff are vocalizations: 'a', 'c', and 'e' respectively. Measures are numbered 1 through 15. Measure 5 starts with a vertical stem with a dot at the top. Measure 10 starts with a vertical stem with a dot at the bottom. Measure 15 starts with a vertical stem with a dot at the middle.

### Branle Poictou 4

The musical score consists of three staves of rhythmic notation. The first staff uses vertical stems with dots at the top. The second staff uses vertical stems with dots at the bottom. The third staff uses vertical stems with dots at the middle. Below each staff are vocalizations: 'a', 'c', and 'e' respectively. Measures are numbered 1 through 15. Measure 5 starts with a vertical stem with a dot at the top. Measure 10 starts with a vertical stem with a dot at the bottom. Measure 15 starts with a vertical stem with a dot at the middle. The score ends with a note labeled '(1\*)'.

1. Missing dotted flag?

The first staff starts with a measure of two eighth-note pairs (one pair pointing up, one down). This is followed by measures of 'a' (two pairs), 'c' (one pair), 'd c a c' (one pair), 'd' (one pair), 'c' (one pair), 'a' (two pairs), and 'a' (two pairs). Measure 20 begins with 'a' (two pairs). The second staff continues with measures of 'c' (one pair), 'a' (two pairs), 'd' (one pair), 'c' (one pair), 'd c a c' (one pair), 'd' (one pair), 'c' (one pair), 'a' (two pairs), and 'a' (two pairs).

Branle Sil est a ma poste

The first staff starts with a measure of 'a' (two pairs). This is followed by measures of 'c' (one pair), 'd e' (one pair), 'a c' (one pair), 'd c d c a c a' (one pair), 'a' (two pairs), 'd' (one pair), 'c' (one pair), 'a' (two pairs), and 'a' (two pairs). Measure 5 begins with 'c' (one pair). The second staff continues with measures of 'a' (one pair), 'c' (one pair), 'd' (one pair), 'a' (one pair), 'a' (one pair), 'd' (one pair), 'c' (one pair), 'b' (one pair), 'd b d b a' (one pair), 'a' (one pair), 'd' (one pair), 'a b' (one pair), 'b' (one pair), and 'a' (one pair).

The third staff starts with a measure of 'd a' (one pair). This is followed by measures of 'c' (one pair), 'a' (one pair), 'd c a c' (one pair), 'd' (one pair), 'a b' (one pair), 'b' (one pair), 'd' (one pair), 'a b' (one pair), 'b' (one pair), and 'a' (one pair). Measure 15 begins with 'd' (one pair).

The fourth staff starts with a measure of 'd a b' (one pair). This is followed by measures of 'c' (one pair), 'a' (one pair), 'd c a c' (one pair), 'd' (one pair), 'a b' (one pair), 'b' (one pair), 'd' (one pair), 'a b' (one pair), 'b' (one pair), and 'a' (one pair).

The fifth staff starts with a measure of 'd a b' (one pair). This is followed by measures of 'b' (one pair), 'd b' (one pair), 'a' (one pair), 'd' (one pair), 'a b' (one pair), 'b' (one pair), and 'a' (one pair).

Branle Simple

The musical score consists of six staves of notation, likely for a band or ensemble. Each staff has five horizontal lines. The notation includes various symbols such as vertical stems, diamonds, and horizontal dashes, along with letter heads (a, b) placed below specific notes. Measure numbers (1, 5, 10, 15, 20) are indicated above certain measures.

**Staff 1:**

- Measure 1: Vertical stem, diamond, vertical stem, diamond, vertical stem, diamond, vertical stem, diamond, vertical stem, diamond.
- Measure 2: **a**, **c**, **d**, **a**, **f**, **d**, **c**, **a**, **d**, **c**, **a**, **e**, **a**, **c**, **d**, **c**, **a**, **f**.
- Measure 3: **a**, **c**, **a**, **c**.
- Measure 4: **a**, **c**, **a**, **c**.
- Measure 5: **a**, **c**, **a**, **c**, **a**, **c**, **e**, **a**, **c**, **e**, **a**, **a**, **c**, **d**, **a**, **f**, **d**, **c**, **a**, **d**.
- Measure 6: **c**, **a**, **c**, **e**, **a**, **c**, **d**, **c**, **a**, **f**.
- Measure 7: **c**, **a**, **c**.
- Measure 8: **a**, **c**, **a**, **c**.
- Measure 9: **c**, **a**, **c**, **e**, **a**, **c**, **d**, **c**, **a**, **f**.
- Measure 10: **a**, **e**, **a**, **c**, **d**, **a**, **f**.
- Measure 11: **d**, **c**, **a**, **d**, **c**, **a**, **d**.
- Measure 12: **c**, **a**, **c**, **e**, **a**, **c**, **d**, **c**, **a**, **f**.
- Measure 13: **c**, **a**, **c**.
- Measure 14: **a**, **c**, **a**, **c**.
- Measure 15: **b**, **a**, **d**, **b**, **d**, **b**, **a**, **d**, **b**.
- Measure 16: **a**, **a**, **d**, **a**, **a**, **d**.
- Measure 17: **b**, **a**, **d**, **c**, **d**, **b**, **a**, **b**, **a**, **b**, **b**.
- Measure 18: **a**, **a**, **d**, **a**, **a**, **d**.
- Measure 19: **b**, **a**, **b**, **d**, **b**, **b**, **a**, **b**, **a**, **b**, **b**.
- Measure 20: **a**, **b**, **a**, **b**, **b**, **a**, **b**, **a**, **b**, **b**.

Galliarde

The musical score consists of six staves of tablature, likely for a stringed instrument like a lute or guitar. The notation uses vertical stems and note heads to indicate pitch and rhythm. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure numbers are placed above certain measures: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, and 50. The tablature shows a variety of patterns, including eighth-note pairs, sixteenth-note groups, and single notes. The notes are labeled with lowercase letters (c, a, b) and some with dots or dashes. The staff lines represent different courses or strings of the instrument.

Aultre basse dance P.B.

Musical score for Aultre basse dance P.B. The score consists of five staves of music, each with a different basso continuo part. The parts are labeled with lowercase letters (a, b, c) and numbers (5, 10, 15, 20). The music is written in a simple staff notation with note heads and stems, typical of early printed music. The parts are: 1. a (measures 1-5), 2. b (measures 6-10), 3. c (measures 11-15), 4. a (measures 16-20), 5. b (measures 21-25).

Pavan 7 (P.B.)

Musical score for Pavan 7 (P.B.). The score consists of two staves of music, each with a different basso continuo part. The parts are labeled with lowercase letters (a, b, c) and numbers (5, 10, 15). The music is written in a simple staff notation with note heads and stems, typical of early printed music. The parts are: 1. a (measures 1-5), 2. b (measures 6-10), 3. c (measures 11-15).

20

25

30

Gaillarde 15 (P.B.)

5

10

15

20

Branle gai

The musical notation for Branle gai consists of two staves. The top staff begins with a dotted half note followed by a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff follows a similar pattern with letter names (a, b, c) placed under specific notes. The second staff continues the pattern, with measure 5 indicated and a repeat sign at the end.

Basse danse

The musical notation for Basse danse consists of four staves. The first staff starts with a dotted half note and continues with a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes. The second staff begins with a dotted half note and includes letter names (a, b, c). The third staff starts with a dotted half note and includes letter names (a, b, c). The fourth staff starts with a dotted half note and includes letter names (a, b, c). Measure numbers 5, 10, 15, 20, and 30 are marked along the way.

Haulberroys

5

10

15

La Brosse Basse danse

5

10

15

1

20

3

4

5

# La Brosse Recoupe

1

5

10

15

La Brosse Tourdion

La Brosse Tourdion musical score:

Staff 1 (Top):

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern: ↓, ↓, ♩, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓.
- Measure 5: Rhythmic pattern: ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓.
- Measure 10: Rhythmic pattern: ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓.
- Measure 15: Rhythmic pattern: ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓.

Staff 2 (Middle):

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern: a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a.
- Measure 5: Rhythmic pattern: a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a.
- Measure 10: Rhythmic pattern: a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a.
- Measure 15: Rhythmic pattern: a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a.

Staff 3 (Bottom):

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern: c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c.
- Measure 5: Rhythmic pattern: c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c.
- Measure 10: Rhythmic pattern: c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c.
- Measure 15: Rhythmic pattern: c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c.

Pavane

Pavane musical score:

Staff 1 (Top):

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern: ↓, ↓, ♩, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓.
- Measure 5: Rhythmic pattern: ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓.
- Measure 10: Rhythmic pattern: ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓.
- Measure 15: Rhythmic pattern: ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓.
- Measure 20: Rhythmic pattern: ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓, ↓.

Staff 2 (Middle):

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern: a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a.
- Measure 5: Rhythmic pattern: a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a.
- Measure 10: Rhythmic pattern: a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a.
- Measure 15: Rhythmic pattern: a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a.
- Measure 20: Rhythmic pattern: a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a, a.

Staff 3 (Bottom):

- Measures 1-4: Rhythmic pattern: c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c.
- Measure 5: Rhythmic pattern: c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c.
- Measure 10: Rhythmic pattern: c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c.
- Measure 15: Rhythmic pattern: c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c.
- Measure 20: Rhythmic pattern: c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c, c.

Recoupe

1 2 3 4 5  
c c | c d a c d | a d d c a d | a c a c d | c d a c d | c a c d a c  
a a | a | a | a | a | a

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15  
d a | d d | c c | c d a c a c d | a d d c a d | a c a c d  
a c a c | a a | a a | a | a | a

16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30  
c d a c a c d | c a c a c d a c | d c a :||: d c a d | c a  
a | a | a c a c | a a :||: d a | a

20  
a d c a d c | d c d a c a | d c a d c a | c a c d a c | d c  
a | a | a | a | c a

25  
d d | d c a d | c a c | a d c a d c | d c d c d a c a  
a a | d a | a | a | a

30  
d c d c a d c a | c a c a c d a c | d c a c | d d  
a | a | c a | a a

Tant que vivray

The musical score consists of five staves of music. The first four staves are in common time, while the fifth staff begins with a 5/4 time signature. The notation includes various note heads (diamonds, dots, and inverted triangles) and rests. The notes are primarily on the middle line of the staff, with occasional ledger lines and stems pointing up or down.

1

2

3

4

5

10

Tourdion

The musical score for 'Tourdion' consists of two staves of music. The notation uses diamond-shaped note heads and rests. The notes are primarily on the middle line of the staff, with occasional ledger lines and stems pointing up or down.

1

2

3

4

5

10

15

20

[Gaillarde]

5

10

15

20



